

THREADSYNC — MAGIC RUNTIME

Magic Runtime — Evaluation Checklist

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Enterprise Evaluation

Everything you need to evaluate Magic Runtime for enterprise deployment

Security Model

Threat model,
sandbox architecture,
and hardening guide

[View Security Docs](#)

Release Verification

SHA256 checksums
and verified
downloads

[View Releases](#)

Contract Specification

Complete schema
reference for
controller contracts

[View Spec](#)

2-Week Evaluation Checklist

Week 1: Setup & Security Review

**Deploy Production Stack**

Follow [Quick Start](#) to deploy on test environment

**Verify artifact checksums**

Download [SHA256SUMS](#) and verify integrity

**Review security model**

Evaluate [threat model](#) against your requirements

**Apply hardening checklist**

Complete [production hardening](#) steps

**Test health endpoints**

Verify `/api/health` and `/api/readyz` return expected responses

Week 2: Functional & Integration Testing**Deploy demo controller**

Execute included demo controller and verify contract enforcement

**Create custom controller**

Build a controller with your business logic and required capabilities

**Test capability enforcement**

Verify that undeclared capability usage is denied and logged

**Review audit logs**

Confirm capability usage and errors are logged with correlation IDs

**Test resource limits**

Verify timeout and memory limits are enforced correctly

**Prometheus metrics**

Connect to `/metrics` endpoint and verify expected metrics

Security FAQ

What does the sandbox isolate?

The sandbox contains: resource exhaustion (CPU/memory/disk), unauthorized database access, unauthorized network egress, secret exfiltration, filesystem persistence. See the [threat model](#) for full details.

Is it safe to run AI-generated code?

Magic is designed for first-party and AI-generated business logic within your organization. The capability model ensures code can only access explicitly declared resources. It is not designed for untrusted third-party code.

How are secrets protected?

Secrets are scoped per-controller. A controller can only access secrets explicitly declared in its contract. Cross-controller secret access is not possible. All secret access is audit-logged.

What authentication methods are supported?

API Key (X-API-Key header), JWT Bearer tokens, and mTLS. OIDC/SAML integration documentation is available for enterprise deployments.

How do I report security vulnerabilities?

Email security@threadsync.io. We acknowledge within 48 hours and follow coordinated disclosure practices. See [disclosure policy](#).

Need Additional Security Materials?

Request security questionnaire responses, architecture diagrams, or schedule a security review call

Contact Enterprise Team — enterprise@threadsync.io